John Jan 106394 (2)
SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full-Name: Brian	L. Kwan Number 30 8-5311	Examiner # : 76/15 2	
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location			
If more than one search is subm	itted, please prioriti		ed.
Please provide a detailed statement of the Include the elected species or structures, k utility of the invention. Define any terms known. Please attach a copy of the cover s	teywords, synonyms, acror that may have a special m sheet, pertinent claims, and	nyms, and registry numbers, and co eaning. Give examples or relevant dabstract.	ombine with the concept or citations, authors, etc. if
Title of Invention: 400	synapon Co	white NKI +	tribu andy
Inventors (please provide full names):	Hujhen	et al.	
	<u> </u>		
Earliest Priority Filing Date:	10/1888		1
For Sequence Searches Only Please include appropriate serial number.	de all pertinent information ((parent, child, divisional, or issued pa	tent numbers) along with the
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	Biote	Reference Librarian echnology & Chemical Library CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498 ján:delaval@uspto.gov	
		lawaeran@ashro:gov	•
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STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	Vendors and cost whe	ere applicable
Searcher:	NA Sequence (#)	STN	
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog	
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit	•
Date Searcher Picked Up: (0/24 UZ	Bibliographic	Dr.Link . T	
Date Completed: U 18 8	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis	·/
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems	
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet	
Online Time: Y 50	Other .	Other (specify)	

PTO-1590 (8-01)

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:35:18 ON 28 OCT 2003)
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:35:27 ON 28 OCT 2003
                E HUGHES J/AU
           1027 S E3-49
L1
                E HUGHES JOHN/AU
L2
            576 S E3-57
                                                                           Jan Delaval
           1602 S L1-2
L3
                                                                        Reference Librarian
                E SINGH L/AU
                                                                 Blotechnology & Chemical Library
            395 S E3-25
L4
                ΕE
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                E SINGH L/AU
                                                                       jan.delaval@uspto.gov
             56 S E36
L5
              8 S E39
L6
            459 S L4-6
L7
                E WO2000-EP10084/AP, PRN
L8
              1 S E3-4
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:45:11 ON 28 OCT 2003
L9
              4 S E1-4.
L10
              1 S L9 AND C30H29N3O4
                E C30H29N3O4/MF
            213 S E3
L11
            103 S L11 AND 5/NR
L12
L13
           2221 S (OC4-C6 AND NC4-C6 AND C6)/ES
L14
              5 S L13 AND L12
              3 S L14 NOT (14C OR TRITIUM)
L15
              3 S L10 OR L15
L16
                 SEL RN
L17
              0 S E1-E3/CRN
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:02:12 ON 28 OCT 2003
L18
             18 S L16
             14 S CI 1021 OR CI1021 OR PD154075 OR PD()(154075 OR 154 075)
L19
L20
             20 S L18 OR L19
             10 S L20 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
L21
122
              6 S L1-L7 AND L20
L23
             12 S L21-22
     FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:07:51 ON 28 OCT 2003
L24
              9 S L20
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 27 OCT 2003 HIGHEST RN 609766-09-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 OCT 2003 HIGHEST RN 609766-09-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:



http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

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L16 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 377076-61-4 , REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[(1-phenylethyl)amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C30 H29 N3 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:11205

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 169475-89-2 REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [1-(1H-indo]-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[(1-phenylethyl)amino]ethyl]-, 3-benzofuranylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C30 H29 N3 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:171893

REFERENCE 2: 123:275215

4

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 158991-23-2 REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Carbamic acid, [1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[(1-phenylethyl)amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN CI 1021

CN PD 154075

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C30 H29 N3 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CIN, DRUGNL, DRUGUPDATES, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:160766

REFERENCE 2: 137:337901

REFERENCE 3: 137:329330

REFERENCE 4: 136:31709

REFERENCE 5: 135:162091

REFERENCE 6: 135:117245

REFERENCE 7: 134:285590

REFERENCE 8: 134:141620

REFERENCE 9: 133:120391

REFERENCE 10: 131:299365

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'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'CAPLUS' FILE

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L23 ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
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AN 2001:417501 CAPLUS

DN 135:162091

- TI Utilization of an Intramolecular Hydrogen Bond To Increase the CNS Penetration of an NK1 Receptor Antagonist
- AU Ashwood, Valerie A.; Field, Mark J.; Horwell, David C.; Julien-Larose, Christine; Lewthwaite, Russell A.; McCleary, Scott; Pritchard, Martyn C.; Raphy, Jenny; Singh, Lakhbir
- CS Pfizer Global Research and Development Cambridge University Forvie Site, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 44(14), 2276-2285 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English

IT

- CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 28
- OS CASREACT 135:162091
- This paper describes the synthesis and phys. and biol. effects of introducing different substituents at the .alpha.-position of the tryptophan contg. neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist [(R)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)_ 1-methyl-1-((S)-1-phenyl-ethylcarbamoyl)ethyl]carbamic acid benzofuran-2-yl-Me ester (CI 1021). The described compds. all exhibit Tess than 5 nM binding affinities for the human neurokinin-1 receptor and selectivity over the tachykinin NK2 and NK3 receptor subtypes. Application of variable temp. NMR spectroscopy studies of the amide and urethane protons was utilized to det. the existence of an intramol. hydrogen bond. This intramol. hydrogen bond increases the apparent lipophilicity to allow increased central nervous system penetration and pharmacol. activity (gerbil foot tap test) in the case of the highest affinity compd. [(S)-1-dimethy] aminomethy]-2-(1H-indo]-3-y]-1-((S)-1-dimethy]phenyl-ethylcarbamoyl)ethyl]carbamic acid benzofuran-2-yl-Me ester (PD 174424) over those analogs that could not form an intramol. hydrogen bond. ST structure activity NK1 receptor antagonist prepn hydrogen bond; mol modeling tachykinin receptor antagonist structure activity prepn

(NK1 antagonists; synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1 receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)

IT Tachykinin receptors

Tachykinin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(NK2; synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1 receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)

IT Tachykinin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(NK3; synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1

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receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
IT
     Biological transport
         (drug; synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of
        NK1 receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
IT
         (intramol.; synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series
        of NK1 receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
     Conformation
IT
     Lipophilicity
     Molecular modeling
     Structure-activity relationship
         (synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1
         receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
TT
     32315-10-9, Triphosgene
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (prepn. of)
IT
     232953-47-8P
                     232953-51-4P 354117-37-6P
                                                     354117-38-7P
                                                                    354117-39-8P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1
     receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration) 158991-23-2, CT 1021 354117-20-7
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
         (synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1
         receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
IT
     75-03-6, Iodoethane 107-18-6, Allyl alcohol, reactions
     Benzyl chloroformate
                             2279-15-4 2627-86-3, (S)-Methylbenzylamine
                 13057-19-7
                               30438-74-5 55038-01-2, 2-Benzofuranylmethanol
     3756-30-7
     354117-40-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1
         receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
     346440-85-5P
                     346440-91-3P
                                                     346440-95-7P
                                                                     346440-97-9P
TT
                                     346440-93-5P
     346441-00-7P
                     346441-01-8P
                                     346441-02-9P
                                                     346441-03-0P
                                                                     354117-18-3P
     354117-19-4P
                     354117-21-8P
                                     354117-22-9P
                                                     354117-23-0P
                                                                     354117-24-1P
     354117-25-2P
                     354117-26-3P
                                     354117-27-4P
                                                     354117-28-5P
                                                                     354117-29-6P
     354117-30-9P
                     354117-31-0P
                                     354117-32-1P
                                                     354117-33-2P
                                                                     354117-34-3P
     354117-35-4P
                     354117-36-5P
                                     354117-41-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1
         receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)
               THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 27
RE
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158991-23-2, CI 1021

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(synthesis and structure activity relationships of a series of NK1 receptor antagonists with increased CNS penetration)

RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS

Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-CN phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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L23 ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
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AN 2001:265246 CAPLUS

DN 134:285590

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising synergistic combinations of a NK1 TI receptor antagonist and a GABA analog for the treatment of psychiatric disorders

Hughes, John; Singh, Lakhbir IN

PA Warner-Lambert Company, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp. S0

CODEN: PIXXD2 **Patent**

DT LA English

ICM A61K031-195 IC

ICS A61K031-404; A61K031-40; A61P025-18; A61P025-24; A61K045-06; A61K031-40; A61K031-195

63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 2						
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE			
ΡI	WO 2001024791	A1 20010412	WO 2000-EP10084 20001009 <			
	W: AE, AG,	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,			
	CR, CU,	CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ,	EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,			
	HU, ID,	IL, IN, IS, JP, KE,	KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,			
	LU, LV,	MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,	MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,			
	SD, SE,	SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,	TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,			
	YU, ZA,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,	KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW: GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,			
	DE, DK,	ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,	IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,			
	CF, CG,	CI, CM, GA, GN, GW,	ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	EP 1233766	A1 20020828	EP 2000-979495 20001009 <			
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, MC, IE, SI,			
	LT, LV,	FI, RO, MK, CY, AL				
	JP 2003510355	T2 20030318	JP 2001-527790 20001009 <			

PRAI US 1999-158271P 19991007 WO 2000-EP10084 W 20001009

- The present invention provides methods of treatment using synergistic combinations of an NK1 receptor antagonist and a GABA analog, and pharmaceutical compns. and products contg. the NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog. The present invention also provides the use of an NK1 receptor antagonist and a GABA analog for the manuf. of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of psychiatric disorders. Synergistic interaction between oral gabapentin and CI1021 in isolation-induced vocalizations of guinea-pig pups was shown. A tablet contained CI1021 5, gabapentin 100, lactose 95, corn starch (for mix) 20, corn starch (paste) 20, and 1% magnesium stearate 10%.
- pharmaceutical synergistic NK receptor antagonist GABA analog; tablet gabapentin CI1021 psychiatric disorder
- IT Tachykinin receptors

(NK1 antagonists; pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

TT Anxiety

(panic disorder; pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

IT Drug delivery systems

(parenterals; pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

Antidepressants IT

Anxiolytics

Mental disorder

(pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

IT Mental disorder

(phobia, social; pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

IT Drug delivery systems

(solns., oral; pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

IT Drug delivery systems

(tablets; pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

148553-50-8, Pregabalin IT 56-12-2D, GABA, analogs 60142-96-3, Gabapentin 158991-23-2, CI1021

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 5

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- (5) Wallace Jan, D; US 5025035 A 1991 CAPLUS IT 158991-23-2, CI1021

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(pharmaceutical compns. comprising synergistic combinations of NK1 receptor antagonist and GABA analog for treatment of psychiatric disorders)

158991-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2000:536312 CAPLUS

DN 134:141620

TI Evaluation of selective NK1 receptor antagonist CI-1021 in animal models of inflammatory and neuropathic pain

AU Gonzalez, Maria I.; Field, Mark J.; Hughes, John; Singh, Lakhbir

- CS Parke-Davis Neuroscience Research Centre, Cambridge University, Cambridge, UK
- SO Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (2000), 294(2), 444-450 CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565
- PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 14

CI-1021 ([(2-benzofuran)-CH20C0]-(R)-.alpha.-MeTrp-(S)-NHCH(CH3)Ph) is a AR selective and competitive neurokinin-1 (NK1) receptor antagonist. study examines its activity in animal models of inflammatory and neuropathic pain. In mice, CI-1021 (1-30 mg/kg, s.c.) dose dependently blocked the development of the late phase of the formalin response with a min. ED (MED) of 3 mg/kg. Two chem. unrelated NK1 receptor antagonists, CP-99,994 (3-30 mg/kg) and SR 140333 (1-100 mg/kg), also dose dependently blocked the late phase, with resp. MEDs of 3 and 10 mg/kg. PD 156982, a NK1 receptor antagonist with poor central nervous system penetration, failed to have any effect. However, when administered i.c.v., it selectively blocked the late phase of the formalin response. Chronic constrictive injury (CCI) to a sciatic nerve in the rat induced spontaneous pain, thermal and mech. hyperalgesia, and cold, dynamic, and static allodynia. CI-1021 (10-100 mg/kg) and morphine (3 mg/kg) blocked all the responses except dynamic allodynia. Carbamazepine (100 mg/kg) was weakly effective against all the responses. Once daily administration of morphine (3 mg/kg, s.c.) in CCI rats led to the development of tolerance within 6 days. Similar administration of CI-1021 (100 mg/kg, s.c.) for up to 10 days did not induce tolerance. Moreover, the morphine tolerance failed to cross-generalize to CI-1021. CI-1021 blocked the CCI-induced hypersensitivity in the guinea pig, with a MED of 0.1 mg/kg, p.o. CI-1021 (10-100 mg/kg, s.c.) did not show sedative/ataxic action in the rat rota-rod test. It is suggested that NK1 receptor antagonists possess a superior side effect profile to carbamazepine and morphine and may have a therapeutic use for the treatment of inflammatory and neuropathic pain.

ST neurokinin receptor antagonist CI1021 antiinflammatory antiallodynic; inflammation allodynia model NK receptor CI1021

IT Analgesia
Anti-inflammatory agents
Disease models
Inflammation

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(CI-1021 in animal models of inflammatory and
        neuropathic pain)
IT
     Tachykinin receptors
         (NK1 antagonists; CI-1021 in animal models of
         inflammatory and neuropathic pain)
TT
     Tachykinin receptors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (NK1; CI-1021 in animal models of inflammatory and
        neuropathic pain)
IT
     Pain
     Skin, disease
         (allodynia; CI-1021 in animal models of
         inflammatory and neuropathic pain)
IT
     158991-23-2, CI-1021
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (CI-1021 in animal models of inflammatory and
        neuropathic pain)
RE.CNT
        30
               THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
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(30) Yashpal, K; Brain Res 1990, V506, P259 CAPLUS
     158991-23-2, CI-1021
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (CI-1021 in animal models of inflammatory and
        neuropathic pain)
     158991-23-2 CAPLUS
     Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-
     phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

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L23
     ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
     1999:672811 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     131:299365
TI
     Preparation of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists
     Chan, Oilun Helen; Chen, Michael Huai Gu; Goel, Om Prakash; Hershenson,
IN
     Fred M.; Zhu, Zhijian
PA
     Warner-Lambert Company, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.
S0
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C07D405-12
          A61K031-405; A61K031-34; A61K031-675; C07F009-141; C07F009-145;
           C07F009-22
CC
     27-11 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
     Section cross-reference(s): 1
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                          A1 19991021
                                                 WO 1999-US6041
                                                                    19990319 <--
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     WO 9952903
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               NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA,
             · AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                                                 CA 1999-2323047
                                                                    19990319 <--
     AU 9930114
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                                19991101
                                                 AU 1999-30114
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                                20010214
                                                 EP 1999-911477
     EP 1075472
                                                                     19990319 <--
                          A1
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, I<sup>--</sup>, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
      JP 2002511467
                          T2
                                20020416
                                                 JP 2000-543460
                                                                     19990319 <--
     US 6258800
                          B1
                                20010710
                                                 US 2000- 01570
                                                                     20000803 <--
PRAI US 1998-81881P
                          Ρ
                                19980415
                                           <--
     WO 1999-US6041
                          W
                                19990319
os
     MARPAT 131:299365
GΙ
```

$$Q = 0$$

$$C(CH2)n(CR3R4)m R8
$$R6$$

$$R7$$

$$R8$$$$

AG. sol. prodrugs I [R = CH2OZ, C(0)OCH2OZ, Z, wherein Z = Q, P(0)(OH)2, C(0)Q1; n = 0-3; m = 0, 1] of certain tachykinin antagonists (NK1 antagonists) useful in the treatment of emesis, were prepd. E.g., {3-[2-(benzofuran-2-ylmethoxycarbonylamino)-2-(1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)propyl]indol-1-yl}phosphonic acid disodium salt was prepd.

ST benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonist prodrug prepn

IT Tachykinin receptors

(NK1 antagonists; prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)

IT 247017-84-1P 247017-93-2P 247018-00-4P 247018-10-6P 247018-11-7P 247018-12-8P 247018-13-9P 247042-05-3P 247042-06-4P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)
IT 103-76-4, 1-Piperazineethanol 109-01-3, N-Methylpiperazine 110-85-0,
Piperazine, reactions 110-91-8, Morpholine, reactions 111-42-2,
reactions 142-25-6, N,N,N'-Trimethylethylenediamine 538-37-4
543-27-1, Isobutyl chloroformate 619-66-9, 4-Carboxybenzaldehyde
1138-80-3 1642-81-5 50651-75-7 86070-82-8, 3-Hydroxypyrrolidine
hydrochloride 153910-62-4 158991-23-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists) 69704-08-1P 34040-64-7P 94224-92-7P 247017-82-9P IT 247017-83-0P 247017-85-2P 247017-86-3P 247017-87-4P 247017-89-6P 247017-90-9P 247017-91-0P 247017-92-1P 247017-94-3P 247017-96-5P 247017-97-6P 247017-98-7P 247017-99-8P 247018-02-6P 247018-03-7P 247018-04-8P 247018-06-0P 247018-07-1P 247018-08-2P 247018-17-3P 247018-18-4P 247018-19-5P 247018-20-8P 247018-21-9P 247018-22-0P 247018-23-1P 247018-24-2P 247018-25-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)
IT 247017-81-8P 247017-88-5P 247017-95-4P 247018-05-9P 247018-09-3P
247018-14-0P 247018-15-1P 247018-16-2P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)
RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE

- (1) Bundgaard, J; Drugs of the Future 1991, V16(5), P443
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- (8) Tenhoor, C; Pharmaceutical Research 1995, V12(11), P1806 CAPLUS
- IT 158991-23-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)

- RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS
- CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L23 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- AN 1998:275762 CAPLUS
- DN 129:12660
- TI Evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain
- AU Gonzalez, M. Isabel; Field, Mark J.; Holloman, Elizabeth F.; Hughes, John; Oles, Ryszard J.; Singh, Lakhbir
- CS Department of Biology, Cambridge University Forvie Site, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
- SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 344(2/3), 115-120 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
- PB Elsevier Science B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)
- PD 154075 ([(2-benzofuran)-CH20CO]-(R)-.alpha.-MeTrp-(S)-NHCH(CH3)Ph) is a selective tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist. Its effect on development and maintenance of thermal and mech. hypersensitivity was examd. in a rat model of surgical pain. When administered 30 min before surgery, PD 154075 dose-dependently (3-100 mg/kg, s.c.) prevented the development of thermal and mech. hypersensitivity with resp. min. EDs of 10 and 30 mg/kg. These antihypersensitivity effects lasted for 72 h. In contrast, the administration of PD 154075 (30 mg/kg, s.c.) after surgery had little or no effect on these nociceptive responses. PD 154075 antagonized thermal hypersensitivity induced by intrathecal administration of substance P, over the same dose range that blocked surgical hypersensitivity. However, it only partially blocked the thermal hypersensitivity induced by the selective NK2 receptor agonist [.beta.-Ala8] neurokinin A-(4-10). Morphine dose-dependently (1-6 mg/kg, s.c.) lengthened isoflurane and pentobarbitone-induced sleeping time in the rat. In contrast, PD 154075 (3-100 mg/kg, s.c.) did not interact with these anesthetics. It is suggested that tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists, such as PD 154075, may possess therapeutic potential as pre-emptive antihypersensitive agents.
- ST PD 154075 NK1 antagonist surgery pain
- IT Tachykinin receptors

(NK1 antagonists; evaluation of PD 154075, a

tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain)

IT Analgesics

(evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain)

IT Surgery

(postsurgical pain; evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain)

33507-63-0, Substance P (peptide) 122063-01-8, [.beta.-Ala8] neurokinin IT A-(4-10)

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain)

158991-23-2, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain)

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Atweh, S; Brain Res 1977, V124, P53 CAPLUS
- (2) Boyle, S; Bio Med Chem 1994, V2, P357 CAPLUS
- (3) Brennan, T; Pain 1996, V64, P493 MEDLINE
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- (5) Field, M; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1997, V282, P1242 CAPLUS
- (6) Iyengar, S; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1997, V280, P774 CAPLUS
- (7) Kangrga, I; J Neurosci 1990, V10, P2026 CAPLUS
- (8) Kiyama, H; Regul Pept 1993, V46, P114 CAPLUS
- (9) Levine, J; Science 1984, V226, P547 CAPLUS (10) Ma, Q; J Physiol 1995, V486, P769 CAPLUS
- (11) Maggi, C; J Autonom Pharmacol 1993, V13, P23 CAPLUS
- (12) Rupniak, N; Pain 1996, V67, P189 CAPLUS (13) Seguin, L; Pain 1995, V61, P325 CAPLUS
- (14) Singh, L; Eur J Pharmacol 1997, V321, P209 CAPLUS (15) Stevens, C; Brain Res 1991, V550, P77 CAPLUS
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- (17) Urban, L; Trends Neurol Sci 1994, V17, P432 MEDLINE (18) Woolf, C; Anesth Analg 1993, V77, P362 MEDLINE (19) Woolf, C; Pain 1991, V44, P293 CAPLUS

- (20) Yamamoto, T; Neurosci Lett 1993, V161, P57 CAPLUS
- (21) Yashpal, K; Brain Res 1990, V506, P259 CAPLUS
- IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain)

158991-23-2 CAPLUS RN

Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L23 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- 1998:42272 CAPLUS AN
- DN 128:97714

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Use of a tachykinin antagonist, [R,S]-[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-1-methyl-1-(1-
     phenyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl]-carbamic acid benzofuran-2-ylmethyl ester,
     for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of emesis
     Horwell, David Christopher; Hugues, John; Pritchard, Martyn Clive;
IN
     Singh, Lakhbir
     Warner-Lambert Co., USA; Horwell, David Christopher; Hugues, John;
PA
     Pritchard, Martyn Clive; Singh, Lakhbir
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-40
     1-9 (Pharmacology)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                             DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
     WO 9749393
                        A1
                             19971231
                                              WO 1997-US10503 19970618 <--
         W: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP,
              KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI,
         SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
              GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9735718
                              19980114
                                              AU 1997-35718
                                                                19970618 <--
                        A1
     AU 714542
                        B2
                              20000106
     EP 912173
                                                                19970618 <--
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                             19990506
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         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI
                                              NZ 1997-333062
     NZ 333062
                              20000623
                        Α
                                                                19970618 <--
     JP 2000514047
                        T2
                              20001024
                                              JP 1998-503257
                                                                19970618 <--
     ZA 9705637
                                              ZA 1997-5637
                        Α
                              19980123
                                                                19970625 <--
     US 5998435
                              19991207
                                              US 1998-194620
                                                                19981201 <--
                        Α
PRAI US 1996-21030P
                        Ρ
                              19960626
                                        <--
     WO 1997-US10503
                        W
                             19970618 <---
     A method is provided for the treatment of emesis, comprising administering
     a compd. named [R,S]-[2-(1H-Indo]-3-y])-1-methyl-1-(1-phenyl-1-y)
     ethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl]-carbamic acid benzofuran-2-ylmethyl ester.
ST
     tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv emesis treatment
     5-HT receptors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (5-HT3; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis treatment)
IT
     Tachykinin receptors
        (NK1 antagonists; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis
        treatment)
IT
     Antitumor agents
        (emesis induced by; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis
        treatment)
IT
     Surgery
         (nausea after; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis
        treatment)
IT
        (penetration; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis
        treatment)
IT
     Nausea
        (post-operative; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis
        treatment)
TT
     Antiemetics
     Drug bioavailability
     Motion sickness
     Pharmacokinetics
         (tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis treatment)
     15663-27-1, Cisplatin
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
         (emesis induced by; tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis
```

treatment)

IT 158991-23-2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis treatment)

IT 99614-02-5, Ondansetron

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis treatment, and comparison with ondansetron)

IT 158991-23-2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis treatment)

RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L23 ANSWER 7 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:801039 CAPLUS
- DN 128:75654
- TI Tetrahydropyrrolo[2,3-b]indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid ester in the enantiospecific preparation of .alpha.-methyltryptophan: application in the preparation of carbon-14 labeled PD 145942 and PD 154075
- AU Ekhato, I. Victor; Huang, Yun
- CS Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical Research Division of Warner-Lambert Company, Department of Chemical Development, Ann Arbor, MI, 48105, USA
- SO Journal of Labelled Compounds & Radiopharmaceuticals (1997), 39(12), 1019-1038
 CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803
- PB John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 34-2 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins) Section cross-reference(s): 1
- OS CASREACT 128:75654

GI

AB [2R-(2.alpha., 3a.beta., 8a.beta.)]-2,3,3a,8a-Tetrahydro-pyrrolo[2,3-b]indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid-1,8-dibenzyl ester 2-Me ester (I), its [2S-(2.beta., 3a.alpha., 8a.alpha.)]-isomer, and the tribenzyl ester analogs were prepd. From these [2,3-b]indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid esters we accomplished a simple, high yielding prepn. of enantiopure .alpha.-methyltryptophan and Me ester derivs. Using this protocol, we inexpensively made (R)-.alpha.-[14C]methyltryptophan Me ester, and in subsequent reactions converted it into PD 145942, II (Ad2 = 2-adamantyl) and PD 154075, III. Both of these compds. are drug candidates in preclin. study for the treatment of anxiety and emesis resp.

ST labeled CCKB receptor antagonist PD145942 prepn; NK1 receptor antagonist labeled PD154075 prepn; asym synthesis labeled methyltryptophan; stereoselective alkylation tryptophan pyrroloindole

IT Asymmetric synthesis and induction

Stereochemistry

(prepn. of methyltryptophan and its application in the prepn. of labeled PD 145942 and PD 154075)

IT Alkylation

(stereoselective; of tetrahydropyrroloindole tricarboxylic acid ester in the enantiospecific prepn. of methyltryptophan)

IT 501-53-1, Benzyl chloroformate 2279-15-4, N-Benzyloxycarbonyl-Dtryptophan 2627-86-3 7432-21-5, N-Benzyloxycarbonyl-L-tryptophan 16170-82-4 53120-53-9, 2-Adamantyl chloroformate 74111-21-0 158951-87-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of methyltryptophan and its application in the prepn. of labeled PD 145942 and **PD 154075**)

169687-65-4P TT 126496-81-9P 152876-57-8P 200716-86-5P 200716-87-6P 200716-88-7P 200716-90-1P 200716-91-2P 200716-92-3P 200716-93-4P 200716-95-6P 200716-96-7P 200716-97-8P 200716-98-9P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of methyltryptophan and its application in the prepn. of labeled PD 145942 and **PD 154075**)

IT 16709-25-4P 56452-52-9P 142854-50-0P 200716-89-8P 200716-94-5P 200716-99-0P 200717-00-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of methyltryptophan and its application in the prepn. of labeled PD 145942 and PD 154075)

- RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE
- (1) Bourne, G; J Chem Soc, Perkin Trans 1 1991, P1693 CAPLUS
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- (9) Singh, L; Eur J Pharmacol 1997, V321, P209 CAPLUS
- (10) Steiner, K; Chemical Development
- (11) Trivedi, B; J Med Chem In press
- (12) Venkatachalam, T; J Labelled Compd Radiopharm 1993, V33(11), P1029 CAPLUS
- (13) Zhang, L; J Org Chem 1995, V60, P5719 CAPLUS
- L23 ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:181574 CAPLUS
- DN 126:258877
- TI The tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075 blocks cisplatin-induced delayed emesis in the ferret
- AU Singh, Lakhbir; Field, Mark J.; Hughes, John; Kuo, Be-Sheng; Suman-Chauhan, Nirmala; Tuladhar, Bishwa R.; Wright, D. Scott; Naylor, Robert J.
- CS Dep. Biology, Cambridge Univ. Forvie Site, Robinson Way, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
- SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1997), 321(2), 209-216 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
- The activity of a selective tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist, PD 154075 ([(2-benzofuran)-CH2OCO]-(R)-.alpha.-MeTrp-(S)-NHCH(CH3)Ph), was examd. in radioligand binding studies, in a [Sar9,Met(O2)11] substance P-induced foot-tapping model in the gerbil, and in cisplatin-induced acute and delayed emesis in the ferret. In radioligand binding studies, PD 154075 showed nanomolar for the human, guinea-pig, gerbil, dog and ferret NK1 receptors with an approx. 300 times lower affinity for the rodent NK1 receptor. Using NK2, NK3 receptors and a range of other receptor ligands, PD 15407 was shown to exhibit a high degree of selectivity and specificity for the human type NK1 receptor. Following s.c. administration PD 154075 dose dependently (1-100 mg/kg) antagonized the centrally mediated [Sar9, Meet(02)11] substance P-induced foot tapping in the gerbil with a min. ED (MED) of 100 mg/kg. The ability of PD 154075 to readily penetrate into the brain following oral administration was confirmed by its extn. and high performance liq. chromatog. assay from the rat brain. PD 154075 was shown to achieve a relatively fast and sustained brain concn. (brain/plasma ratios ranged from 0.27 to 0.41 during the time period of 0.25-12 h). Further pharmacokinetic studies revealed that the abs. oral bioavailability of PD 154075 in the rat was (mean .+-. S.D.) 49 .+-. 15%. PD 154075 (1-30 mg/kg, i.p.) dose dependently antagonized the acute vomiting and retching in the ferret measured for 4 h following administration of cisplatin (10 mg/kg, i.p.) with a MED of 3 mg/kg. The administration of a lower dose of cisplatin (5 mg/kg, i.p.) in the ferret induces both an acute (day 1) and delayed (days 2 and 3) phase of emesis. The i.p. administration of PD 154075, 10 mg/kg three times a days for 3 days, almost completely blocked both the acute and delayed emetic responses. In the same study, the 5-HT3 receptor antagonist ondansetron (1 mg/kg, i.p., t.i.d.) was also very effective against the acute emetic response obsd. during the first 4 h following cisplatin, but it was only weakly active against the delayed response. In conclusion, PD 154075 is a selective and specific high affinity NK1 receptor antagonist with good oral bioavailability which is effective against both acute and delayed emesis induced by cisplatin in the ferret.
- ST PD154075 antiemetic cisplatin tachykinin NK1 antagonist
- IT Tachykinin receptors
 - RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 - (NK1; tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075 prevention of cisplatin-induced delayed emesis)
- IT Brain

(antiemetic PD 154075 penetration into brain)

IT Receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075

affinity for various receptors)

IT Antiemetics

(tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075 prevention of cisplatin-induced delayed emesis)

IT 15663-27-1, Cisplatin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075

prevention of cisplatin-induced delayed emesis)

IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075 prevention of cisplatin-induced delayed emesis)

IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist PD 154075 prevention of cisplatin-induced delayed emesis)

RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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L23 ANSWER 9 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
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AN 1997:70361 CAPLUS

DN 126:171893

TI Preparation of tryptophan derivatives as tachykinin antagonists

IN Horwell, David C.; Howson, William; Pritchard, Martyn C.; Roberts, Edward; Rees, David C.

PA Warner-Lambert Company, USA

SO U.S., 54 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 97, 264, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D209-12

ICS C07D403-12; C07D407-12; A61K031-40

NCL 514419000

CC 34-2 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins) Section cross-reference(s): 1, 2, 63

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 5594022	Α	19970114	US 1994-344064	19941129 <
	EP 1000930	A2	20000517	EP 2000-102502	19930812 <
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES, FR	, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU	, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE
	FS 2153841	Т3	20010316	FS 1993-919974	19930812 <

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US 5716979
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                                                               19971017 <--
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PRAI US 1992-930252
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                             19920813
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     US 1993-97264
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                        B2
                                        <--
    EP 1993-919974
                        Α3
                             19930812
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     US 1994-344064
                                        <--
                        A3
                             19941129
     US 1996-727067
                        Α3
                             19961008
     US 1997-953037
                             19971017
                        Α3
05
    MARPAT 126:171893
GI
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AB The invention concerns tachykinin antagonists I [R, R6, R8 = independently]Ph, pyridine, thiophene, furan, naphthalene, indole, benzofuran, or benzothiophene optionally substituted with 1-3 alkyl, OH, alkoxy, NO2, halo, NH2, CF3, C1-8 straight alkyl, C3-8 branched alkyl, C5-8 cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl; R, R2 = independently H, C1-4 alkyl; R and R2 can also form a ring; R3 = H, (CH2)mR13; Y = COR4, CO2, COCH2, CH2O, CH2NH, CH:CH, CH2CH2, CH(OH)CH2, heterocyclic residue; R4, R11 = independently H, C1-3 alkyl; R5, R7 = independently H, C1-4 alkyl; R13 = H, CN, NH2, NMe2, NHAC; m = 1-6; n = 1-2; q = 0, 1], nonpeptides which have utility in treating disorders mediated by tachykinins, such as respiratory, inflammatory, gastrointestinal, ophthalmic and vascular disorders, allergies, pain, diseases of the central nervous system, and migraine. Methods of prepg. compds. I and novel intermediates are also included. The compds. I are expected to be esp. useful in asthma and rheumatoid arthritis. Thus, treatment of .alpha.-methyltryptophanyl 1-phenethylamide (prepn. given) with 2-benzofuranylmethyl 4-nitrophenyl carbonate (prepn. given) gave 56% tryptophan amide II. II exhibited IC50 = 9 nm in an in vitro neurokinin 1 (NK1) receptor binding assay, while related derivs. showed IC50 = 19 to >10,000 nM. II and related compds. were also active in vivo as NK1 receptor antagonists (ID50 = 2.8 to 0.0024 mg/kg IV).

II

ST tryptophan amide prepn tachykinin antagonist; neurokinin receptor antagonist tryptophan amide prepn; asthma treatment tryptophan amide prepn; rheumatoid arthritis treatment tryptophan amide prepn

IT Tachykinin receptors

(NK1 antagonists; prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)

IT Tachykinins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(antagonists; prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)

IT Antiasthmatics

Antirheumatic agents

(prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)

IT 158951-79-2P

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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)
IT
    158951-68-9P
                    158951-71-4P
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    158951-75-8P
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                                                  158951-78-1P
                                                                 158951-80-5P
    159672-27-2P
                    159672-28-3P
                                   159672-30-7P
                                                  159672-31-8P
                                                                 159672-33-0P
                                                                 159672-38-5P
    159672-34-1P
                    159672-35-2P
                                   159672-36-3P
                                                  159672-37-4P
    159672-39-6P
                    159672-40-9P
                                   159672-41-0P
                                                  159672-42-1P
                                                                 159672-43-2P
    159672-44-3P
                   159672-48-7P
                                   159672-49-8P
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    159672-54-5P
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                                   159672-56-7P
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                    159672-61-4P
                                   159672-62-5P
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                                                                 159672-64-7P
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                    159672-66-9P
                                                                 159672-71-6P
     159672-73-8P
                    159672-98-7P 169475-89-2P
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                                   187085-77-4P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)
IT
     63-84-3, DL-3,4-Dihydroxyphenylalaniné
                                             98-00-0, 2-Furanmethanol
     98-85-1, (RS)-sec-Phenethyl alcohol
                                          100-46-9, Benzylamine, reactions
     103-67-3, N-Methylbenzylamine 104-86-9, 4-Chlorobenzylamine 105-13-5,
                              122-00-9
                                         147-71-7
     4-Methoxybenzyl alcohol
                                                   154-08-5.
                              321-12-0, 2-Fluoro-5-methylbenzoic acid
     5-Fluoro-DL-tryptophan
     349-95-1, 4-Trifluoromethylbenzyl alcohol 446-51-5, 2-Fluorobenzyl
              456-47-3, 3-Fluorobenzyl alcohol
                                                 459-56-3, 4-Fluorobenzyl
              496-41-3, Benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 526-30-7, Tryptazan
     alcohol
     526-31-8, Abrine
                       589-18-4, 4-Methylbenzyl alcohol 590-17-0,
                        618-36-0, (RS)-.alpha.-Methylbenzylamine
     Bromoacetonitrile
                                                                   636-72-6.
     2-Thiophenemethanol
                          873-76-7, 4-Chlorobenzyl alcohol
                                                             1122-54-9,
     4-Acetylpyridine
                       1592-38-7, 2-Naphthalenemethanol
                                                           2217-40-5,
     1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-1-naphthylamine
                                         2627-86-3, (S)-.alpha.-
    Methylbenzylamine 3173-56-6, Benzyl isocyanate
                                                       3300-51-4
     4-Trifluoromethylbenzylamine
                                   3392-11-8, BOC-Trp-OSu
                                                            3886-69-9
     (R)-.alpha.-Methylbenzylamine
                                    4254-29-9
                                                4412-91-3, 3-Furanmethanol
     5913-13-3, (R)-1-Cyclohexylethylamine 6298-96-0 6299-02-1,
     4-Chloro-.alpha.-methylbenzylamine 6351-10-6, 1-Hydroxyindane
     7303-49-3, DL-Tryptophan methyl ester 7693-46-1, 4-Nitrophenyl
                                 14091-15-7, DL-4-Bromophenylalanine
     chloroformate
                    13058-16-7
     17543-50-9
                 17890-56-1, Benzo[b]thiophene-2-methanol
                                                             26988-72-7
     1-Methyl-DL-tryptophan
                             32707-89-4, 3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl
              32919-24-7 56456-47-4, 2,4-Difluorobenzyl alcohol
     71637-34-8, 3-Thiophenemethanol
                                      75853-18-8, 2,3-Difluorobenzyl alcohol
    75853-20-2, 2,5-Difluorobenzyl alcohol
                                              76985-09-6
                                                           96551-27-8
                                 159672-76-1
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                  158276-69-8
                                               159672-79-4
                                                             159672-88-5
     159672-90-9
                  187085-78-5
                                 187085-81-0
                                               187085-97-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)
TT
     1194-99-6P, 4-Acetylpyridine oxime
                                         1881-79-4P
                                                       2089-33-0P
                                                                    4687-23-4P,
     3-Benzofuranmethanol
                            7424-00-2P
                                         16108-04-6P
                                                       21658-36-6P
     25506-37-0P
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     187086-10-8P
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     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)
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169475-89-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)

169475-89-2 CAPLUS RN

Carbamic acid, [1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[(1-CN phenylethyl)amino]ethyl]-, 3-benzofuranylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

- ANSWER 10 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L23
- 1996:407860 CAPLUS AN
- DN 125:184873
- 'Targeted' molecular diversity: design and development of non-peptide TI antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors
- Horwell, David; Pritchard, Martyn; Raphy, Jennifer; Ratcliffe, Giles Parke-Davis Neuroscience Research Centre, The Forvie Site, Robinsin Way, CS Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
- S0 Immunopharmacology (1996), 33(1-3, Papers presented at KININ '95, Fourteenth International Symposium on Bradykinin and Related Kinins, 1995), 68-72 CODEN: IMMUDP; ISSN: 0162-3109
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- English LA
- CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)
- A drug design strategy to non-peptide small mol. antagonists of neuropeptides is described that targets the mol. diversity which exists in the 'privileged' data set of the physico-chem. properties represented by the side-chains of the 20 genetically encoded amino acids. is exemplified by the design of a selective and high affinity cholecystokinin CCK-A antagonist PD 140548, CCK-B antagonist CI-988 (formerly PD 134308) tachykinin NK-1 antagonist PD 154075 and NK-2 antagonist Cam-2291. The NK-3 antagonists, PD 157672 and the non-peptide PD 161182, were developed from an information-rich dipeptide library constructed from 256 N-protected dipeptides and 64 hydrophobic biased dipeptides.
- ST drug design nonpeptide cholecystokinin tachykinin antagonist
- IT Pharmaceuticals

(design; design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (cholecystokinin, design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT Kinin receptors

Receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin, design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT Kinin receptors

Receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin NK1, design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT Kinin receptors

Receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin NK2, design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT Kinin receptors

Receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin NK3, design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT Kinins (animal hormones)

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinins, design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

17 130404-91-0, PD 134308 140677-01-6, PD 140548 158276-60-9, Cam 2291 158991-23-2, PD 154075 159698-59-6, PD

157672 168570-35-2, Pd 161182 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT 9011-97-6, Cholecystokinin

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(design and development of nonpeptide antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors)

RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME).

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L23 ANSWER 11 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:849921 CAPLUS
- DN 123:275215
- TI Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships (QSARs) of N-Terminus Fragments of NK1 Tachykinin Antagonists: A Comparison of Classical QSARs and Three-Dimensional QSARs from Similarity Matrixes
- AU Horwell, David C.; Howson, William; Higginbottom, Michael; Naylor, Dorica; Ratcliffe. Giles S.; Williams, Sophie
- CS Parke-Davis Neuroscience Research Centre, Cambridge University Forvie Site, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1995), 38(22), 4454-62 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal

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LA English
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CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 27

- The ability of three-dimensional quant. structure-activity relationships (QSARs) derived from classical QSAR descriptors and similarity indexes to rationalize the activity of 28 N-terminus fragments of tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists was examd. Two different types of analyses, partial least squares and multiple regression, were performed in order to check the robustness of each derived model. The models derived using classical QSAR descriptors lacked accurate quant. and predictive abilities to describe the nature of the receptor-inhibitor interaction. However models derived using 3D QSAR descriptors based on similarity indexes were both robust and significantly predictive. The best model was obtained through the statistical anal. of mol. field similarity indexes (n = 28, r2 =0.846, r(cv)2 = 0.737, s = 0.987, PRESS = 7.102) suggesting that electronic and size-related properties are the most relevant in explaining the affinity data of the training set. The overall quality and predictive ability of the models applied to the test set appear to be very high, since the predicted affinities of three test compds. agree with the exptl. detd. affinities obtained subsequently within the exptl. error of the binding data.
- ST tachykinin antagonist structure QSAR model
- IT Quantitative structure-activity relationship

(models for QSAR study of NK1 tachykinin antagonists)

IT Kinin receptors

Receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (tachykinin NK1, antagonists; models for QSAR study of NK1 tachykinin antagonists)

IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship (tachykinin-inhibiting, models for QSAR study of NK1 tachykinin antagonists)

159672-34-1P IT 158951-79-2P 158991-23-2P 159672-35-2P 159672-36-3P 159672-59-0P 159672-65-8P 159672-66-9P 159672-98-7P 169475-69-8P 169475-70-1P 169475-71-2P 169475-72-3P 169475-73-4P 169475-74-5P 169475-75-6P 169475-76-7P 169475-77-8P 169475-78-9P 169475-83-6P 169475-79-0P 169475-80-3P 169475-81-4P 169475-82-5P 169475-86-9P 169475-87-0P 169475-88-1P 169475-84-7P 169475-85-8P 169475-89-2P 169475-90-5P 169475-91-6P 169475-92-7P 169475-93-8P 169475-94-9P 169475-95-0P 169475-96-1P 169475-97-2P 169475-98-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(models for QSAR study of NK1 tachykinin antagonists)

IT 158991-23-2P 169475-89-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(models for QSAR study of NK1 tachykinin antagonists)

RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 169475-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[(1-phenylethyl)amino]ethyl]-, 3-benzofuranylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

- L23 ANSWER 12 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:681116 CAPLUS
- DN 121:281116
- TI Rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists
- AU Boyle, Steven; Guard, Steven; Higginbottom, Michael; Horwell, David C.; Howson, William; McKnight, Alexander; Martin, Kevan; Pritchard, Martyn C.; O'Toole, John; et al.
- CS Parke-Davis Neuroscience Research Centre, Addenbrookes Hospital Site, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
- SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1994), 2(5), 357-70 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)
- Section cross-reference(s): 2 GI

AB The rational design of a nonpeptide tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonist I (PD 154075) is described. I has Ki = 9 and 0.35 nM for the NK1 receptor

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binding site in guinea pig cerebral cortex membranes and human IM9, cells resp. (using [125I] Bolton-Hunger-SP as the radioligand). It is a potent antagonist in vitro where it antagonizes the contractions mediated by SPOMe in the guinea-pig ileum (KB = 0.3 nM). I is active in vivo in the guinea pig plasma extravasation model, where it is able to block the SPOMe-induced protein plasma extravasation (monitored by Evans Blue) in the bladder with an ID50 of 0.02 mg kg-1 i.v.
```

ST nonpeptide tachykinin antagonist PD 154075; benzofuranylmethyltryptophan methylbenzylamide tachykinin receptor antagonist; tryptophanamide benzofuranylmethyl tachykinin receptor antagonist

IT Kinin receptors

Receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(tachykinin NK1, antagonists; rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists)

IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship

(tachykinin-inhibiting, rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists)

IT 20695-94-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists)

IT 158276-61-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists) 158951-59-8P 158951-57-6P 158951-58-7P 158951-60-1P 158951-61-2P 158951-62-3P 158951-63-4P 158951-64-5P 158951-65-6P 158951-66-7P 158951-67-8P 158951-68-9P 158951-69-0P 158951-70-3P 158951-71-4P 158951-72-5P 158951-74-7P 158951-73-6P 158951-75-8P 158951-76-9P 158951-77-0P 158951-78-1P 158951-79-2P 158951-80-5P 158951-81-6P 158991-23-2P, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists) 62-53-3, Aniline, reactions 64-04-0, 2-Phenylethylamine 100-46-9 Benzylamine, reactions 830-96-6, 1H-Indole-3-propionic acid 1445-91-6, (S)-1-Phenylethanol 1517-69-7, (R)-1-Phenylethanol 1592-38-7, 2-Naphthalenemethanol 2279-15-4, N-Benzyloxycarbonyl-D-tryptophan 2627-86-3, (S)-.alpha.-Methylbenzylamine 3886-69-9, (R)-.alpha.-Methylbenzylamine 5241-58-7, (S)-Phenylalaninamide 7432-21-5, N-Benzyloxycarbonyltryptophan 17543-50-9 41222-70-2, D-Tryptophan 55038-01-2, 2-Benzofuranmethanol methyl ester hydrochloride 136554-94-4 96551-27-8 110884-69-0 158276-62-1 158951-86-1 158951-87-2 158951-88-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists) 158991-23-2P, PD 154075

IT 158991-23-2P, PD 154075

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological

study); PREP (Preparation)
 (rational design of high affinity tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists)

RN 158991-23-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> b uspatfull' ENTERED AT 12:16:04 ON 28 OCT 2003
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 23 Oct 2003 (20031023/PD)
FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Oct 2003 (20031023/ED)
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6637033
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2003200588
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 23 Oct 2003 (20031023/UPCA)
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 23 Oct 2003 (20031023/PD)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Aug 2003
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Aug 2003

>>> USPAT2 is now available. USPATFULL contains full text of the <<< original, i.e., the earliest published granted patents or >>> <<< applications. USPAT2 contains full text of the latest US <<< >>> publications, starting in 2001, for the inventions covered in <<< USPATFULL. A USPATFULL record contains not only the original <<< >>> published document but also a list of any subsequent >>> <<< publications. The publication number, patent kind code, and <<< publication date for all the US publications for an invention are displayed in the PI (Patent Information) field of USPATFULL <<< >>> <<< records and may be searched in standard search fields, e.g., /PN, <<< >>> /PK, etc. >>> <<< USPATFULL and USPAT2 can be accessed and searched together <<< >>> through the new cluster USPATALL. Type FILE USPATALL to <<< >>> enter this cluster. <<< >>> >>> <<< Use USPATALL when searching terms such as patent assignees, >>> <<< classifications, or claims, that may potentially change from <<< >>> the earliest to the latest publication. <<<

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 124 tot bib abs hitstr

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124
    ANSWER 1 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:226374 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Genetic polymorphisms in the preprotachy kinin gene
       Foernzler, Dorothee, Lenzburg, SWITZERLAND
IN
       Hashimoto, Lara, Basle, SWITZERLAND
       Li, Jia, Union City, CA, UNITED STATES
       Luedin, Eric, Liestal, SWITZERLAND
       Sleight, Andrew, Riedisheim, FRANCE
       Vankan, Pierre, Basle, SWITZERLAND
       US 2003158187
PΙ
                          A1
                               20030821
       US 2003-354693
                               20030130 (10)
ΑT
                          A1
PRAI
       EP 2002-1937
                           20020131
       Utility
DT
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC., PATENT LAW DEPARTMENT, 340 KINGSLAND STREET,
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NUTLEY, NJ, 07110
CLMN Number of Claims: 31
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1444

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to a method for correlating single AB nucleotide polymorphisms in the preprotachykinin (NKNA) gene with the efficacy and compatibility of a pharmaceutically active compound administered to a human being. The invention further relates to a method for determining the efficacy and compatibility of a pharmaceutically active compound administered to a human being which method comprises determining at least one single nucleotide polymorphism in the NKNA gene. Said methods are based on determining specific single nucleotide polymorphisms in the NKNA gene and determining the efficacy and compatibility of a pharmaceutically active compound in the human by reference to polymorphism in NKNA. The invention further relates to isolated nucleic acids comprising within their sequence the polymorphisms as defined herein, to nucleic acid primers and oligonucleotide probes capable of hybridizing to such nucleic acids and to a diagnostic kit comprising one or more of such primers and probes for detecting a polymorphism in the NKNA gene, to a pharmaceutical pack comprising NK-1 receptor antagonists and instructions for administration of the drug to human beings tested for the polymorphisms as well as to a computer readable medium with the stored sequence information for the polymorphisms in the NKNA gene.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

(NK-1 receptor antagonist; method for correlating preprotachykinin gene (NKNA) polymorphisms with efficacy and compatibility of pharmaceutically active compds., such as NK-1 receptor antagonists)

RN 158991-23-2 USPATFULL

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 2 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:159802 USPATFULL

TI Brain, spinal, and nerve injury treament

IN Nimmo, Alan John, Townsville, AUSTRALIA

Vink, Robert, Pasadena, AUSTRALIA US 2003109417 A1 20030612

PI US 2003109417 A1 20030612 AI US 2002-181323 A1 20021015 (10)

WO 2001-AU46 20010118 PRAI AU 2000-5146 20000118

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC., PATENT LAW DEPARTMENT, 340 KINGSLAND STREET, NUTLEY, NJ, 07110

CLMN Number of Claims: 33 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 571

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A treatment for brain, spinal and nerve injury comprising use of a substance P receptor antagonist optionally in combination with a magnesium compound. There is also provided a formulation for use in this treatment comprising a substance P receptor antagonist and a magnesium compound.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2, PD-154075

(substance P receptor antagonist and optional magnesium compd. for treatment of brain, spinal and nerve injury)

RN 158991-23-2 USPATFULL

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 3 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:134646 USPATFULL

TI Use of substance P antagonists for the treatment of chronic fatigue syndrome and/or fibromyalgia and use of NK-1 receptor antagonists for the treatment of chronic fatigue syndrome

IN Farber, Lothar, Heroldsberg, ĞERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Mueller, Wolfgang, Binningen, SWITZERLAND Stratz, Thomas, Bad Sackingen, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

PI US 2003092735 A1 20030515

AI US 2002-222060 A1 20020816 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-792801, filed on 23 Feb 2001, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-EP6215, filed on 24 Aug 1999, UNKNOWN

PRAI GB 1998-18467 19980825 GB 1998-26692 19981204

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP THOMAS HOXIE, NOVARTIS CORPORATION, PATENT AND TRADEMARK DEPT, 564 MORRIS AVENUE, SUMMIT, NJ, 079011027

CLMN Number of Claims: 8

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 666

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the pharmaceutical use of specific substance P antagonists, in particular 1-acylpiperidine substance P antagonists, especially N-benzoyl-2-benzyl-4-(azanaphthoyl-amino)-piperidines, e.g. of formula ##STR1##

wherein X and Y are each independently of the other N and/or CH and the ring A is unsubstituted or mono- or poly-substituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen, nitro and trifluoromethyl; and pharmnaceutically acceptable salts thereof for treatment of chronic fatigue syndrome (CFS) in the absence of serotonin agonist/selective serotonin reuptake inhibitory

therapy, or for the treatment of fibromyalgia or associated functional symptoms.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
L24 ANSWER 4 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:4118 USPATFULL
ΔN
TI
       Use of NK-1 receptor antagonists against benign prostatic hyperplasia
IN
       Buser, Susanne, Frenkendorf, SWITZERLAND
       Ford, Anthony P.D.W., Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES
       Hoffmann, Torsten, Weil am Rhein, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
       Lenz, Barbara, Bad Krozingen, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
       Sleight, Andrew John, Riedisheim, FRANCE
       Vankan, Pierre, Basel, SWITZERLAND
PΙ
       US 2003004157
                          A1
                               20030102
       US 2002-71570
                               20020208 (10)
ΑI
                          Α1
PRAI
       EP 2001-109853
                           20010423
DT
       Utility
       APPLICATION
FS
LREP
       Rohan Peries, Roche Bioscience, Patent Law Dept. M/S A2-250, 3401
       Hillview Avenue, Palo Alto, CA, 94304
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 25
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
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No Drawings DRWN

LN.CNT 1676

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to the use of an NK-1 receptor antagonist for the AB treatment or prevention of benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). The preferred NK-1 receptor antagonists are compounds of the general formula ##STR1##

wherein the meanings of R, R.sup.1, R.sup.2, R.sup.2', R.sup.3, R.sup.4 are explained in the specification and the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts and the prodrugs thereof Preferred compounds are 2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N-methyl-N-(6-morpholin-4-yl-4-otolyl-pyridin-3-yl)-isobutyramide, 2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-Nmethyl-N-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-4-o-tolyl-pyridin-3-yl]isobutyramide, 2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N-[6-(1,1-dioxo-1.lambda..sup.6-thiomorpholin-4-yl)-4-o-tolyl-pyridin-3-yl]-N-methylisobutyramide and 2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N-[6-(1,1-dioxo-1.lambda..sup.6-thiomorpholin-4-yl)-4-(4-fluoro-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-N-methyl-isobutyramide. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more such NK-1 receptor antagonists and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient for the treatment and/or prevention of benign prostatic hyperplasia.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

(prepn. and use of amides as NK-1 receptor antagonists against benign prostatic hyperplasia)

158991-23-2 USPATFULL RN

Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 5 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

2002:27435 USPATFULL

TI Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes, using tachykinin receptor antagonist

IN Guttuso, Thomas J., JR., Rochester, NY, UNITED STATES

US 2002016283 PΙ

A1 20020207 US 2001-879390 20010612 (9) ΑI **A1**

US 2000-211116P PRAI 20000612 (60)

DT Utility

FS **APPLICATION**

LREP Michael L. Goldman, NIXON PEABODY LLP, Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051,

Rochester, NY, 14603 CLMN Number of Claims: 31

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 590

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to a methods of treating hot flashes and AB symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot flashes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2, PD 154075

(tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes)

158991-23-2 USPATFULL RN

Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-CN phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 6 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

2001:107883 USPATFULL AN

ΤI Prodrugs of benzofuranylethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists

ΙN Chen, Michael Huai Gu, Ann Arbor, MI, United States Goel, Om Prakash, Ann Arbor, MI, United States Hershenson, Fred M., Ann Arbor, MI, United States Zhu, Zhijian, Farmington Hills, MI, United States Chan, Oilun Helen, Canton, MI, United States Warner-Lambert Company, Morris Plains, NJ, United States (U.S.

corporation) PΙ US 6258800 20010710

WO 9952903 19991021

20000803 (9) US 2000-601570 ΑI

WO 1999-US6041 19990319

> 20000803 PCT 371 date 20000803 PCT 102(e) date

DT Utility FS **GRANTED**

PA

Primary Examiner: Lambkin, Deborah C.; Assistant Examiner: D'Souza, EXNAM

LREP Anderson, Elizabeth M., Ashbrook, Charles W.

Number of Claims: 20 CLMN Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1352

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AΒ ##STR1##

> The instant invention provides aqueous soluble prodrugs of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein R is --CH.sub.2 OZ, --C(.dbd.O)OCH.sub.2 OZ or Z, wherein Z is formula (a), --P(.dbd.0)(OH).sub.2 or --C(.dbd.0)Q: n is an integer of from 0 to 3; m is an integer of from 0 to 1, of certain tachykinin antagonists (NK.sub.1 antagonists) useful in the treatment of emesis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)

158991-23-2 USPATFULL

Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-CN phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 7 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

2001:89352 USPATFULL AN

ΤI NONVOLATILE SEMICONDUCTOR MEMORY DEVICE STRUCTURE WITH SUPERIMPOSED BIT

LINES AND SHORT-CIRCUIT METAL STRIPS

ZATELLI, NICOLA, BERGAMO, Italy PIO, FEDERICO, BRUGHERIO, Italy IN

VAJANA, BRUNO, BERGAMO, Italy

US 2001001492 A1 20010524

US 6307229 20011023 B2 A1 19980519 (9) ΑI US 1998-81881

IT 1997-MI1167 PRAI 19970520

DT Utility FS APPLICATION

PΙ

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,

SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092 Number of Claims: 21

CLMN Number of Claims: 2 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 450

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A nonvolatile semiconductor memory device structure having a matrix of memory cells in a semiconductor material layer. The memory cells are located at intersections of rows and columns of the matrix. Each memory cell includes a control gate electrode connected to one of the rows, a first electrode connected to one of the columns and a second electrode. The rows comprise polysilicon strips extending parallel to each other in a first direction, and the columns are formed by metal strips extending parallel to each other in a second direction orthogonal to the first direction. Short-circuit metal strips are coupled for short-circuiting the second electrodes of the memory cells. The columns and the short-circuit strips are respectively formed in a first metal level and a second metal level superimposed on each other and electrically insulated by a dielectric layer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2

(prepn. of prodrugs of benzofuranylmethyl carbamate NK1 antagonists)

RN 158991-23-2 USPATFULL

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 8 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1999:160051 USPATFULL

TI Use of a tachykinin antagonist for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of emesis

IN Horwell, David Christopher, Cambridge, United Kingdom Hughes, John, Cambridge, United Kingdom Pritchard, Martyn Clive, Cambridgeshire, United Kingdom Singh, Lakhbir, Cambridgeshire, United Kingdom

PA Warner-Lambert Company, Morris Plains, NJ, United States (U.S.

corporation)

PI US 5998435 19991207

WO 9749393 19971231

AI US 1998-194620 19981201 (9) WO 1997-US10503 19970618

19981201 PCT 371 date 19981201 PCT 102(e) date

PRAI US 1996-21030P 19960626 (60)

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Menley, III, Raymond

LREP Anderson, Elizabeth M.
CLMN Number of Claims: 7
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 13 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 425

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The instant invention is directed to a method for the treatment of emesis comprising administering the compound [R,S]-[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-1-methyl-1-(1-phenyl-ethylcarbamoly)-ethyl]-carbamic acid benzofuran-2ylmethyl ester.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 158991-23-2

(tachykinin antagonist carbamate deriv. for emesis treatment)

RN 158991-23-2 USPATFULL

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L24 ANSWER 9 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:3869 USPATFULL

TI Tachykinin antagonists

IN Horwell, David C., Foxton, England Howson, William, Weston Colville, England Pritchard, Martyn C., St. Ives, England Roberts, Edward, Wood Ditton, England Rees, David C., Glasgow, Scotland

PA Warner-Lambert Company, Morris Plains, NJ, United States (U.S.

corporation)

PI US 5594022

19970114

AI US 1994-344064

19941129 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-97264, filed on 23 Jul 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1992-930252, filed on 13 Aug 1992, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Springer, David B.

LREP Anderson, Elizabeth M.

CLMN Number of Claims: 51

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 3534

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns tachykinin antagonists. The compounds are nonpeptides which have utility in treating disorders mediated by tachykinins. Such disorders are respiratory, inflammatory, gastrointestinal, ophthalmic, allergies, pain, vascular, diseases of the central nervous system, and migraine. Methods of preparing compounds and novel intermediates are also included.

The compounds are expected to be especially useful in asthma and rheumatoid arthritis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 169475-89-2P

(prepn. of tryptophan derivs. as tachykinin antagonists)

169475-89-2 USPATFULL RN

Carbamic acid, [1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-[(1-CN phenylethyl)amino]ethyl]-, 3-benzofuranylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

=> d his 125-

(FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:07:51 ON 28 OCT 2003) SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:13:01 ON 28 OCT 2003

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:13:54 ON 28 OCT 2003

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:16:04 ON 28 OCT 2003

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:17:40 ON 28 OCT 2003

L25 14 S L20

9 S L25 AND PY<=1999 L26

L27 0 S L25 AND P/DT

8 S L25 AND (HUGHES J? OR SINGH L?)/AU L28

L29 12 S L26 OR L28

=> b biosis

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:22:56 ON 28 OCT 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT

FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 22 October 2003 (20031022/ED)

FILE RELOADED: 19 October 2003.

=> d all tot 129

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

2001:354835 BIOSIS AN

DN PREV200100354835

TI Utilization of an intramolecular hydrogen bond to increase the CNS penetration of an NK1 receptor antagonist.

Ashwood, Valerie A.; Field, Mark J.; Horwell, David C.; Julien-Larose, Christine; Lewthwaite, Russell A. [Reprint author]; McCleary, Scott; Pritchard, Martyn C.; Raphy, Jenny; Singh, Lakhbir

Pfizer Global Research and Development, Cambridge University, Robinson CS Way, Forvie Site, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK Russell.Lewthwaite@Pfizer.com

S0 Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, (July 5, 2001) Vol. 44, No. 14, pp. 2276-2285. print.

CODEN: JMCMAR. ISSN: 0022-2623. DT Article LA English ED Entered STN: 2 Aug 2001 Last Updated on STN: 19 Feb 2002 AB This paper describes the synthesis and physical and biological effects of introducing different substituents at the alpha-position of the tryptophan containing neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist ((R)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1methyl-1-((S)-1-phenyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)-carbamic acid benzofuran-2-ylmethyl ester (CI 1021). The described compounds all exhibit less than 5 nM binding affinities for the human neurokinin-1 receptor and selectivity over the tachykinin NK2 and NK3 receptor subtypes. Application of variable temperature nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy studies of the amide and urethane protons was utilized to determine the existence of an intramolecular hydrogen bond. This intramolecular hydrogen bond increases the apparent lipophilicity to allow increased central nervous system penetration and pharmacological activity (gerbil foot tap test) in the case of the highest affinity compound ((S)-1-dimethylaminomethyl-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)-carbamic acid benzofuran-2-ylmethyl ester (PD 174424) over those analogues that could not form an intramolecular hydrogen bond. Biochemistry studies - General 10060 Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids 10064 Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry 20504 IT Major Concepts Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Nervous System (Neural Coordination) Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms IT CNS: nervous system, central nervous system IT Chemicals & Biochemicals [(R)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1-methyl-1-((S)-1-phenyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl]carbamic acid benzofuran-2-ylmethyl ester: neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist; [(S)-1-dimethylaminomethyl-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1-((S)-1phenyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl]-carbamic acid benzofuran-2-ylmethyl ester; amide protons; intramolecular hydrogen bond: utilization; neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist [NK-1 receptor antagonist]: central nervous system penetration; tryptophan: alpha-position; urethane protons IT Methods & Equipment NMR spectroscopy: analytical method, spectroscopic techniques: CB; gerbil foot tap test: analytical method Miscellaneous Descriptors IT lipophilicity ORGN Classifier Hominidae 86215 Super Taxa Primates; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia Organism Name human Taxa Notes Animals, Chordates, Humans, Mammals, Primates, Vertebrates RN 54-12-6Q (tryptophan) 73-22-3Q (tryptophan) L29 ANSWER 2 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN 2000:426195 BIOSIS AN DN PREV200000426195 TI Evaluation of selective NK1 receptor antagonist CI-1021 in animal models of inflammatory and neuropathic pain. ΑU Gonzalez, Maria I.; Field, Mark J.; Hughes, John; Singh,

Lakhbir [Reprint author]

CS Parke-Davis Neuroscience Research Centre, Cambridge University Forvie Site, Robinson Way, Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK

SO Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, (August, 2000) Vol. 294, No. 2, pp. 444-450. print. CODEN: JPETAB. ISSN: 0022-3565.

```
DT
     Article
     English
LA
     Entered STN: 4 Oct 2000
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 10 Jan 2002
     CI-1021 (((2-benzofuran)-CH20CO)-(R)-alpha-MeTrp-(S)-
AR
     NHCH(CH3)Ph) is a selective and competitive neurokinin-1 (NK1) receptor
     antagonist. This study examines its activity in animal models of
     inflammatory and neuropathic pain. In mice, CI-1021
     (1-30 mg/kg, s.c.) dose dependently blocked the development of the late
     phase of the formalin response with a minimum effective dose (MED) of 3
     mg/kg. Two chemically unrelated NK1 receptor antagonists, CP-99,994 (3-30
     mg/kg) and SR 140333 (1-100 mg/kg), also dose dependently blocked the late
     phase, with respective MEDs of 3 and 10 mg/kg. PD 156982, a NK1 receptor
     antagonist with poor central nervous system penetration, failed to have
     any effect. However, when administered i.c.v., it selectively blocked the
     late phase of the formalin response. Chronic constrictive injury (CCI) to
     a sciatic nerve in the rat induced spontaneous pain, thermal and
     mechanical hyperalgesia, and cold, dynamic, and static allodynia.
     CI-1021 (10-100 mg/kg) and morphine (3 mg/kg) blocked
     all the responses except dynamic allodynia. Carbamazepine (100 mg/kg) was weakly effective against all the responses. Once daily administration of morphine (3 mg/kg, s.c.) in CCI rats led to the development of tolerance
     within 6 days. Similar administration of CI-1021 (100
     mg/kg, s.c.) for up to 10 days did not induce tolerance.
                                                                   Moreover, the
     morphine tolerance failed to cross-generalize to CI-1021
        CI-1021 blocked the CCI-induced hypersensitivity in
     the guinea pig, with a MED of 0.1 mg/kg, p.o. CI-1021
      (10-100 mg/kg, s.c.) did not show sedative/ataxic action in the rat
      rota-rod test. It is suggested that NK1 receptor antagonists possess a
     superior side effect profile to carbamazepine and morphine and may have a
     therapeutic use for the treatment of inflammatory and neuropathic pain.
     Pharmacology - General
                                22002
     Biochemistry studies - General
                                        10060
     Pathology - Therapy
                            12512
     Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry
                                                       20504
IT
     Major Concepts
         Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Nervous System (Neural
        Coordination); Pharmacology
     Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms
IT
        sciatic nerve: nervous system, chronic constrictive injury
IT
     Chemicals & Biochemicals
        CP-99,994: neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist; Cl-1021: NK-1 receptor
        antagonist, evaluation, neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist; PD 156982:
        neurokinin-1 receptor antagonist; SR 140333: neurokinin-1 receptor
         antagonist; carbamazepine; morphine; neurokinin-1
     Miscellaneous Descriptors
         pain: inflammatory, neuropathic
ORGN Classifier
                   86375
        Muridae
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
         Sprague-Dawley rat: animal model, male
        mouse: animal model, male, strain-BKTO
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
         Rodents, Vertebrates
     136982-36-0 (CP-99,994)
RN
     210481-96-2 (PD 156982)
155418-05-6 (SR 140333)
     298-46-4 (carbamazepine)
     57-27-2 (morphine)
     ANSWER 3 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
L29
     2000:330<del>071</del> BIOSIS
AN
DN
     PREV200000330071
     Gabapentin and the NK1 receptor antagonist CI-1021 act
```

```
synergistically to block allodynia induced in a rat model of neuropathic
     pain.
ΑU
     Field, M. J. [Reprint author]; McCleary, S. [Reprint author]; Singh,
     L. [Reprint author]
     Parke-Davis Neuroscience Research Centre, Robinson Way, Forvie Site,
CS
     Cambridge, CB2 2QB, UK
     British Journal of Pharmacology, (January, 2000) Vol. 129, No. Proceedings
50
     Supplement, pp. 79P, print.
     Meeting Info.: Meeting of the British Pharmacological Society. Cambridge,
     England, UK. January 05-07, 2000. British Pharmacological Society. CODEN: BJPCBM. ISSN: 0007-1188.
     Conference; (Meeting)
DT
     Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
LA
     English
     Entered STN: 2 Aug 2000
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 7 Jan 2002
     Nervous system - General and methods
                                             20501
     Biochemistry studies - General
     Biophysics - General 10502
     Endocrine - General
                           17002
     General biology - Symposia, transactions and proceedings
IT
     Major Concepts
        Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Nervous System (Neural
        Coordination)
     Chemicals & Biochemicals
IT
          CI-1021: neurokinin type 1 receptor antagonist;
        gabapentin
     Miscellaneous Descriptors
        allodynia; neuropathic pain; Meeting Abstract
ORGN Classifier
        Muridae
                  86375
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        Sprague-Dawley rat: animal model, male
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
     158991-23-2 (CI-1021)
RN
     60142-96-3 (gabapentin)
    ANSWER 4 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
L29
ΑN
     1998:396361 BIOSIS
     PREV199800396361
DN
ΤI
     A Trp in chi space.
     Horwell, D. C.; McKiernan, M. J. [Reprint author]; Naylor, D.; Osborne, S.
ΑU
CS
     Parke-Davis Neurosci. Res. Cent., Cambridge Univ., Forvie Site, Robinson
     Way, Cambridge CB2 2QB, UK
S<sub>0</sub>
     Letters in Peptide Science, (May, 1998) Vol. 5, No. 2-3, pp. 143-145.
     print.
     ISSN: 0929-5666.
DT
     Article
I A
     English
ED
     Entered STN: 10 Sep 1998
     Last Updated on STN: 21 Oct 1998
     Our aim is to identify and synthesize a 'family, of tryptophan mimetics
     which thoroughly explore chi space and then incorporate them into selected
     ligands for biological receptors e.g. Tachykinin NK1. This project is
     considered important as only the psi-variant phi angles have previously
     been explored; obtaining a greater understanding of the spacial
     orientation of the side chain in chi space (chi1 chi2) should prove
     invaluable to the future design of peptidomimetics. The amino acid
     tryptophan was selected as it has proved pivotal in many pharmaceutic drug
     programmes.
     Pharmacology - General
                               22002
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10050

Biochemistry methods - General

10/089958 Kwon Biochemistry studies - General 10060 Major Concepts IT Methods and Techniques: Pharmacology Chemicals & Biochemicals IT beta-disubstituted tryptophan mimetics; biological receptors; tachykinin NK-1 receptor; tryptophan; CI-988: CCKB antagonist; PD 154 075: tachykinin NK-1 antagonist; PD 169 099: NMB antagonist; 2,3-cyclized tryptophan mimetics; 3,4-cyclized tryptophan mimetics Methods & Equipment IT synthesis: Synthesis/Modification Techniques, synthetic method Miscellaneous Descriptors IT chi space; energy conformations; peptidomimetic design; pharmaceutic drug programs; spacial orientation 54-12-6Q (tryptophan) 73-22-3Q (tryptophan) RN 130404-91-0 (CI-988) 158991-23-2 (PD 154 075) ANSWER 5 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN 1998:323837 BIOSIS L29 DN PREV199800323837 Involvement of the central tachykinin NK1 receptor during maintenance of ΤI mechanical hypersensitivity induced by diabetes in the rat. ΑU Field, Mark J.; McCleary, Scott; Boden, Philip; Suman-Chauhan, Nirmala; Hughes, John; Singh, Lakhbir [Reprint author] Dep. Biol., Parke-Davis, Neurosci. Res. Centre, Cambridge Univ. Forvie CS Site, Robinson Way, Cambridge CB2 2QB, UK SO Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, (June, 1998) Vol. 285, No. 3, pp. 1226-1232. print. CODEN: JPETAB. ISSN: 0022-3565. DT Article English LA Entered STN: 22 Jul 1998 ED Last Updated on STN: 22 Jul 1998 Our study examines the role of central and peripheral neurokinin, (NK1) AB receptors in diabetes-induced mechanical hypersensitivity. Glycine, N, N-dimethyl-, 2-((2-(((2-benzofuranylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino)-3-(1H-indol-3y;)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl) amino)-2-phenylethylester, bisulfate, (R-(R*,R)) (PD 156982) is a selective NK1 receptor antagonist with nanomolar affinity for the human (IC50 = 1.4 nM) and guinea pig (IC50 = 9.6 nM) NK1 receptors. However, it has approximately two orders of magnitude lower affinity for the rodent NK, receptor (IC50 = 820 nM). In electrophysiological studies, PD 156982 inhibited NK, receptor-mediated responses in the guinea pig locus ceruleus, in a competitive manner, with an equilibrium constant of 13.9 nM. The intracerebroventricular (10-100 mug/animal) but not systemic administration of PD 156982 (1-100 mg/kg, s.c.) blocked the (Sar9Met(O2)11) substance P-induced gerbil foot tapping response. This indicates that PD 156982 is unable to penetrate into the central nervous system. However, PD 156982 (10-100 mg/kg, s.c.) blocked the mechanical hypersensitivity induced by administration of substance P into the plantar surface of a rat paw. This suggests that PD 156982 can effectively antagonize peripheral NK1 receptors in vivo. The chemically related compound carbamic acid, $(1-(1H-indol-3-yl-methyl)-1-methyl-2-oxo-2-((1-phenylethyl)amino)ethyl)-, 2-benzofuranylmethyl ester, <math>(R-(R^*,S^*))$ (Cl-1021) is also a selective NK, receptor antagonist but can penetrate

into the central nervous system. PD 156982 (10-100 mg/kg, s.c.) failed to block streptozocin (75 mg/kg, i.p.) induced mechanical hypersensitivity. In contrast, Cl-1021 dose-dependently (3-100 mg/kg, s.c.) blocked this hypersensitivity state with a minimum effective dose of 10 mg/kg. At these doses CI-1 021 also antagonized mechanical hypersensitivity mediated by central NK1 but not NK2 receptors in the rat. It is suggested that the central NK1 receptor may play an important role in diabetes-induced

CC Pharmacology - General 22002 Behavioral biology - Animal behavior 07003 Biochemistry studies - General 10060

hypersensitivity.

```
Biophysics - General
                           10502
     Metabolism - Metabolic disorders
                                        13020
     Endocrine - General
                           17002
     Nervous system - General and methods 20501
     Major Concepts
        Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Metabolism; Nervous System
        (Neural Coordination); Pharmacology
IT
     Diseases
        diabetes: endocrine disease/pancreas, metabolic disease
        Diabetes Mellitus (MeSH)
     Chemicals & Biochemicals
IT
        glycine; neurokinin receptors: central, peripheral; substance P;
        CI-1021: neurokinin receptor antagonist; PD 156982:
        neurokinin receptor antagonist
     Miscellaneous Descriptors
        mechanical hypersensitivity
ORGN Classifier
                   86300
        Caviidae
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        guinea-pig
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
ORGN Classifier
        Cricetidae
                     86310
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        Mongolian gerbil: female, male
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
ORGN Classifier
        Hominidae
                    86215
     Super Taxa
        Primates; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        human
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Humans, Mammals, Primates, Vertebrates
ORGN Classifier
                  86375
        Muridae
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        Sprague-Dawley rat: male
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
RN
     56-40-6 (glycine)
     33507-63-0 (substance P)
       158991-23-2 (CI-1021)
     210481-96-2 (PD 156982)
L29 ANSWER 6 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
     1998:286356 BIOSIS
AN
DN
     PREV199800286356
     Anti-emetic effects of PD154075 (CAM-4261) in different emetic
TI
     models in the ferret.
     Chevalier, E. [Reprint author]; Singh, L.; Diop, L. [Reprint
CS
     Jouveinal, Park-Davis, Fresnes, France
SO
     Gastroenterology, (April 15, 1998) Vol. 114, No. 4 PART 2, pp. A578.
     Meeting Info.: Digestive Disease Week and the 99th Annual Meeting of the
```

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American Gastroenterological Association. New Orleans, Louisiana, USA. May
     16-22, 1998. American Gastroenterological Association.
     CODEN: GASTAB. ISSN: 0016-5085.
     Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
DT
LA
     English
ED
     Entered STN: 8 Jul 1998
     Last Updated on STN: 13 Aug 1998
     Pharmacology - General 22002
CC
     Digestive system - General and methods 14001
General biology - Symposia, transactions and proceedings
                                                                   00520
     Major Concepts
IT
        Dental and Oral System (Ingestion and Assimilation); Pharmacology
TT
     Chemicals & Biochemicals
    PD154075 [CAM-4261]: antiemetic-drug Miscellaneous Descriptors
IT
        emetic models; Meeting Abstract
ORGN Classifier
        Mustelidae
                     85780
     Super Taxa
        Carnivora; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        ferret
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Carnivores, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman
     Mammalş, Vertebrates
158991-23-2 (PD154075)
RN
       158991-23-2 (CAM-4261)
L29
     ANSWER 7 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
     1998:233202 BIOSIS
AN
DN
     PREV199800233202
TI
     Evaluation of PD 154075, a tachykinin NK1 receptor
     antagonist, in a rat model of postoperative pain.
     Gonzalez, M. Isabel; Field, Mark J.; Holloman, Elizabeth F.; Hughes,
     John; Oles, Ryszard J.; Singh, Lakhbir [Reprint author]
     Dep. Biol., Parke-Davis Neuro. Res. Cent., Cambridge Univ. Forvie Site,
CS
     Robinson Way, Cambridge CB2 2QB, UK
S0
     European Journal of Pharmacology, (March 5, 1998) Vol. 344, No. 2-3, pp.
     115-120. print.
     CODEN: EJPHAZ. ISSN: 0014-2999.
DT
     Article
LA
     English
ED
     Entered STN: 20 May 1998
     Last Updated on STN: 20 May 1998
     PD 154075 (((2-benzofuran)-CH2OCO)-(R)-alpha-MeTrp-(S)-
     NHCH(CH3)Ph) is a selective tachykinin NK, receptor antagonist.
     effect on development and maintenance of thermal and mechanical
     hypersensitivity was examined in a rat model of surgical pain. When
     administered 30 min before surgery, PD 154075 dose-dependently (3-100 mg/kg, s.c.) prevented the development of thermal
     and mechanical hypersensitivity with respective minimum effective doses of
     10 and 30 mg/kg. These antihypersensitivity effects lasted for 72 h. In
     contrast, the administration of PD 154075 (30 mg/kg,
     s.c.) after surgery had little or no effect on these nociceptive
     responses. PD 154075 antagonised thermal
     hypersensitivity induced by intrathecal administration of substance P,
     over the same dose range that blocked surgical hypersensitivity. However,
     it only partially blocked the thermal hypersensitivity induced by the
     selective NK2 receptor agonist (betaAla8)neurokinin A-(4-10). Morphine
     dose-dependently (1-6 ma/kg, s.c.) lengthened isoflurane and
     pentobarbitone-induced sleeping time in the rat. In contrast, PD
     154075 (3-100 mg/kg, s.c.) did not interact with these
     anaesthetics. It is suggested that tachykinin NK1 receptor antagonists,
     such as PD 154075, may possess therapeutic potential
     as pre-emptive antihypersensitive agents.
CC
     Pharmacology - Neuropharmacology
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Cytology - Animal
                         02506
     Pathology - Therapy
Endocrine - General
                           12512
                           17002
     Nervous system - Anatomy
                                20502
     Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry
                                                                 22003
     Pharmacology - Drug metabolism and metabolic stimulators
                                      10060
     Biochemistry studies - General
     Biochemistry studies - Lipids
                                      10066
     Major Concepts
        Nervous System (Neural Coordination); Pharmacology
TT
     Diseases
        postoperative pain: nervous system disease, rat model
        Pain, Postoperative (MeSH)
     Chemicals & Biochemicals
          PD 154075: analgesic-drug, tachykinin NK-1 receptor
        antagonist, pharmacodynamics
ORGN Classifier
        Muridae
                  86375
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        rat
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
     158991-23-2 (PD 154075)
RN
    ANSWER 8 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
1.29
     1998:52381 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV199800052381
DN
     Tetrahydro-pyrrolo-(2,3-b)indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid ester in
     enantiospecific preparation of alpha-methyltryptophan: Application in the
     preparation of carbon-14 labeled PD 145942 and PD 154075
     Ekhato, I. Victor; Huang, Yun
AU
     Dep. Chem. Development, Parke-Davis Pharm. Res. Div., Warner-Lambert Co.,
     Ann Arbor, MI 48105, USA
     Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals, (Dec., 1997) Vol.
SO
     39, No. 12, pp. 1019-1038. print.
     CODEN: JLCRD4. ISSN: 0362-4803.
DT
     Article
     English
LA
ED
     Entered STN: 27 Jan 1998
     Last Updated on STN: 20 Mar 1998
     (2R-(2alpha, 3alphabeta, 8alphabeta))-2,3,3a,8a-Tetrahydra-pyrrolo(2,3-
     b)indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid-1,8-dibenzyl ester 2-methyl ester, its
     (2S-(2beta, 3aalpha, 8aalpha))-isomer, and the tribenzyl ester analogs
     were prepared. From these (2,3-b)indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid esters
     we accomplished a simple, high yielding preparation of enantiopure
     alpha-methyltryptophan and methyl ester derivatives. Using this protocol,
     we inexpensively made (R)-alpha-(14C)methyltryptophan methyl ester, and in
     subsequent reactions converted it into (1-(2-hydroxy-cyclohexylcarbamoyl)-
     2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1-(14C)methyl-ethyl)carbamic acid adamantan-2-yl ester
     (PD 145942) and (2-(1H-indole-3-yl)-l-(14C)methyl-1(1-phenyl-
     ethylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)carbamic acid benzofuran-2-yl methyl ester (
     PD 154075). Both of these compounds are drug candidates
     in preclinical study for the treatment of anxiety and emesis respectively.
     Pharmacology - General
                              22002
     Biochemistry methods - General
                                       10050
     Biochemistry studies - General
                                       10060
IT
     Major Concepts
        Pharmacology
IT
     Diseases
        anxiety: behavioral and mental disorders
        Anxiety (MeSH)
IT
     Diseases
        emesis: digestive system disease
```

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Chemicals & Biochemicals
        alpha-methyltryptophan: enantiospecific preparation; methylester
        derivatives; tetrahydro-pyrrolo-[2,3-b]indole-1,2,8-tricarboxylic acid
        ester; PD 145942: carbon-14 labelled; PD 154075:
        carbon-14 labelled
IT
    Miscellaneous Descriptors
        drug candidates
     153-91-3 (alpha-methyltryptophan)
RN
       158991-23-2 (PD 154075)
L29
    ANSWER 9 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
     1997:470480 BIOSIS
AN
DN
     PREV199799769683
    Effects of the selective NK-1 receptor antagonist PD
ΤI
     154075 on plasma protein extravasation in guinea-pig airways.
     Meecham, K. [Reprint author]; Purbrick, S. [Reprint author]; Blyth, K.
     [Reprint author]; Planquois, J.-M.; Mottin, G.; Payne, A.; Hughes,
     J. [Reprint author]; Williams, R. [Reprint author]
CS
     Parke-Davis Neurosci. Res. Centre, Forvie Site, Robinson Way, Cambridge
     CB2 2QB, UK
     Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (1997) Vol. 23, No. 1-2, pp. 674.
S0
    Meeting Info.: 27th Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, Part
     1. New Orleans, Louisiana, USA. October 25-30, 1997.
     ISSN: 0190-5295.
    Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
DT
     Conference; (Meeting Poster)
LA
     English
ED
     Entered STN: 4 Nov 1997
     Last Updated on STN: 10 Dec 1997
     General biology - Symposia, transactions and proceedings
                                                                  00520
     Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids
                                                                   10064
     Biophysics - Membrane phenomena 10508
     Pharmacology - Drug metabolism and metabolic stimulators
                                                                  22003
     Pharmacology - Neuropharmacology
                                         22024
ΙT
    Major Concepts
       Membranes (Cell Biology); Pharmacology
IT
    Chemicals & Biochemicals
          PD 154075
    Miscellaneous Descriptors
        EXTRAVASATION; NERVOUS SYSTEM; NK1 RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST; PD
        154075; PHARMACODYNAMICS; PHARMACOLOGY; PLASMA PROTEIN
ORGN Classifier
        Caviidae
                   86300
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        guinea-pig
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
     158991-23-2 (PD 154075)
L29
    ANSWER 10 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
     1997:173442 BIOSIS
     PREV199799480045
DN
     The tachykinin NK-1 receptor antagonist PD 154075
     blocks cisplatin-induced delayed emesis in the ferret.
ΑU
     Singh, Lakhbir [Reprint author]; Field, Mark J.; Hughes,
     John; Kuo, Be-Sheng; Suman-Chauhan, Nirmala; Tuladhar, Bishwa R.;
     Wright, D. Scott; Naylor, Robert J.
CS
     Dep. Biol., Parke-Davis Neurosci. Res. Centre, Cambridge Univ. Forvie
     Site, Robinson Way, Cambridge CB2 2QB, UK
European Journal of Pharmacology, (1997) Vol. 321, No. 2, pp. 209-216.
     CODEN: EJPHAZ. ISSN: 0014-2999.
DT
     Article
LA
     English
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```
Entered STN: 24 Apr 1997
      Last Updated on STN: 2 Jun 1997
ΑB
     The activity of a selective tachykinin NK-1 receptor antagonist,
      PD 154075 (((2-benzofuran)-CH-20CO)-(R)-alpha-MeTrp-(S)-
      NHCH(CH-3)Ph), was examined in radioligand binding studies, in a
      (Sar-9, Met(0-2)-11) substance P-induced foot-tapping model in the gerbil,
      and in cisplatin-induced acute and delayed emesis in the ferret. In
      radioligand binding studies, PD 154075 showed
     nanomolar affinity for the human, guinea-pig, gerbil, dog and ferret NK-1 receptors with an approximate 300 times lower affinity for the rodent NK-1
      receptor. Using NK-2, NK-3 receptors and a range of other receptor
      ligands, PD 154075 was shown to exhibit a high degree
      of selectivity and specificity for the human type NK, receptor. Following
      subcutaneous administration PD 154075 dose dependently
      (1-100 \text{ mg/kg}) antagonised the centrally mediated (Sar-9, Met(0-2)-11)
      substance P-induced foot tapping in the gerbil with a minimum effective
      dose (MED) of 10 mg/kg. The ability of PD 154075 to
      readily penetrate into the brain following oral administration was
      confirmed by its extraction and high performance liquid chromatography
      assay from the rat brain. PD 154075 was shown to
     achieve a relatively fast and sustained brain concentration (brain/plasma
      ratios ranged from 0.27 to 0.41 during the time period of 0.25-12 h).
     Further pharmacokinetic studies revealed that the absolute oral
     bioavailability of PD 154075 in the rat was (mean +-
     S.D.) 49 +- 15%. PD 154075 (1-30 mg/kg, i.p.) dose
     dependently antagonised the acute vomiting and retching in the ferret
     measured for 4 h following administration of cisplatin (10 mg/kg, i.p.)
     with a MED of 3 mg/kg. The administration of a lower dose of cisplatin (5
     mg/kg, i.p.) in the ferret induces both an acute (day 1) and delayed (days 2 and 3) phase of emesis. The i.p. administration of PD
     154075, 10 mg/kg three times a day for 3 days, almost completely
     blocked both the acute and delayed emetic responses. In the same study,
     the 5-HT-3 receptor antagonist ondansetron (1 mg/kg, i.p., t.i.d.) was
     also very effective against the acute emetic response observed during the
     first 4 h following cisplatin, but it was only weakly active against the
     delayed response. In conclusion, PD 154075 is a
     selective and specific high affinity NK-1 receptor antagonist with good
     oral bioavailability which is effective against both acute and delayed
     emesis induced by cisplatin in the ferret.
     Cytology - Animal
                         02506
     Cytology - Human
                         02508
     Comparative biochemistry
                                  10010
     Biochemistry studies - General
                                        10060
     Biochemistry studies - Minerals
                                         10069
     Biophysics - Membrane phenomena
                                          10508
     Digestive system - Pathology
                                     14006
     Endocrine - Neuroendocrinology
                                        17020
     Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry
                                                       20504
     Toxicology - Pharmacology
                                  22504
     Toxicology - Antidotes and prevention
     Neoplasms - Therapeutic agents and therapy
                                                    24008
IT
     Major Concepts
        Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Cell Biology; Endocrine System
        (Chemical Coordination and Homeostasis); Gastroenterology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Membranes (Cell Biology); Nervous System
        (Neural Coordination); Oncology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences);
        Toxicology
     Chemicals & Biochemicals
IT
          PD 154075; CISPLATIN; SUBSTANCE P
IT
     Miscellaneous Descriptors
        ANTIDOTE-DRUG; ANTIEMETIC-DRUG; ANTINEOPLASTIC-DRUG; BIOAVAILABILITY:
        CISPLATIN; DIGESTIVE SYSTEM; DRUG-INDUCED DELAYED EMESIS; PD
        154075; PHARMACODYNAMICS; PHARMACOKINETICS; PHARMACOLOGY;
        SUBSTANCE P; TACHYKININ NK-1 RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST; TOXICOLOGY
```

ORGN Classifier Canidae 85765 Super Taxa

```
Carnivora; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        dog
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Carnivores, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman
        Mammals, Vertebrates
ORGN Classifier
        Caviidae
                   86300
     Super Taxa
        Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
        guinea-pig
     Taxa Notes
        Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,
        Rodents, Vertebrates
ORGN Classifier
        Cricetidae
                     86310
     Super Taxa
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     33507-63-0 (SUBSTANCE P)
L29 ANSWER 11 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
     1997:8033 BIOSIS
AN
DN
     PREV199799307236
TI
     Brain penetration of the new lead compound PD 154075
     in rats.
    Van Noord, Ted; Wright, D. Scott; Kuo, Be-Sheng
ΑU
CS
    Dep. Pharmacokinetics Drug Metabolism, Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical
    Research, Div. Warner-Lambert Co., Ann Arbor, MI 48105, USA
S0
    Pharmaceutical Research (New York), (1996) Vol. 13, No. 9 SUPPL., pp.
    S419.
    Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the American Association of
    Pharmaceutical Scientists. Seattle, Washington, USA. October 27-31, 1996.
     CODEN: PHREEB. ISSN: 0724-8741.
DT
    Conference; (Meeting)
    Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
LA
    English
ED
    Entered STN: 7 Jan 1997
    Last Updated on STN: 11 Feb 1997
    General biology - Symposia, transactions and proceedings
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    Biochemistry studies - General
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    Biophysics - Molecular properties and macromolecules
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    Biophysics - Membrane phenomena
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Cardiovascular system - Physiology and biochemistry Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry 20504 Pharmacology - Drug metabolism and metabolic stimulators Pharmacology - Digestive system 22014 Pharmacology - Neuropharmacology 22024 Routes of immunization, infection and therapy 22100 IT Major Concepts Cardiovascular System (Transport and Circulation); Membranes (Cell Biology); Nervous System (Neural Coordination); Pharmacology IT Chemicals & Biochemicals LEAD; PD 154075; CP99994 IT Miscellaneous Descriptors pharmaceutical industry; ANALYTICAL METHOD; ANTIEMETIC; BIOBUSINESS; BLOOD CONCENTRATION; BRAIN; CP99994; HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY; HPLC; INTRAVENOUS ADMINISTRATION; NERVOUS SYSTEM; ORAL ADMINISTRATION; PD154075; PD158196; PENETRATION; PHARMACEUTICALS; PHARMACOLOGY; PLASMA CONCENTRATION; SUSTAINED RELEASE ORGN Classifier Mammalia 85700 Super Taxa Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia Organism Name mammal Taxa Notes Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates. Nonhuman Mammals. Vertebrates ORGN Classifier Muridae 86375 Super Taxa Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia Organism Name rat Taxa Notes Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals. Rodents, Vertebrates RN 7439-92-1D (LEAD) 158991-23-2 (PD 154075) 136982-36-0 (CP99994) L29 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN 1996:426649 BIOSIS AN DN PREV199699157705 'Targeted' molecular diversity: Design and development of non-peptide TI antagonists for cholecystokinin and tachykinin receptors. ΑU Horwell, David [Reprint author]; Pritchard, Martyn; Raphy, Jennifer; Ratcliffe, Giles Parke-Davis Neurosci. Res. Cent., Forvie Site, Robinsin Way, Cambridge CB2 CS Immunopharmacology, (1996) Vol. 33, No. 1-3, pp. 68-72. SO CODEN: IMMUDP. ISSN: 0162-3109. DT Article LA English ED Entered STN: 26 Sep 1996 Last Updated on STN: 26 Sep 1996 A drug design strategy to non-peptide small molecule antagonists of neuropeptides is described that targets the molecular diversity which exists in the 'privileged' data set of the physico-chemical properties represented by the side-chains of the 20 genetically encoded amino acids. The strategy is exemplified by the design of a selective and high affinity cholecystokinin CCK-A antagonist PD 140548, CCK-B antagonist CI-988 (formerly PD 134308) tachykinin NK-1 antagonist PD 154075 and NK-2 antagonist Cam-2291. The NK-3 antagonists, PD 157672 and the non-peptide PD 161182, were developed from an information-rich dipeptide library constructed from 256 N-protected dipeptides and 64 hydrophobic biased dipeptides. CC Cytology - Animal 02506 Cytology - Human 02508

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Genetics - Animal 03506
     Comparative biochemistry
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     Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids
                                                                    10064
     Replication, transcription, translation
                                                 10300
     Biophysics - Molecular properties and macromolecules
     Biophysics - Membrane phenomena 10508
     Reproductive system - General and methods
     Endocrine - Neuroendocrinology
                                       17020
     Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry 20504
Pharmacology - Drug metabolism and metabolic stimulators
                                                                   22003
     Pharmacology - Immunological processes and allergy
                                                     32500
     Tissue culture, apparatus, methods and media
     In vitro cellular and subcellular studies
     Immunology - General and methods 34502
Immunology - Immunopathology, tissue immunology
     Major Concepts
IT
        Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Cell Biology; Clinical
        Endocrinology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Endocrine System
        (Chemical Coordination and Homeostasis); Membranes (Cell Biology);
        Nervous System (Neural Coordination); Pharmacology
IT
     Miscellaneous Descriptors
        CHINESE HAMSTER OVARY CHO CELLS; DRUG DESIGN; GENE EXPRESSION;
        IMMUNOPHARMACOLOGY; NEUROPEPTIDES; SYNTHESIS
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